## **KEY SOCIAL INDICATORS**

PHYSICAL FEATURES AND CLIMATE         Location         Between 5° 55'& 9° 50' North Latitude         Between 79° 42'& 81° 53' East Longitude         432 km (270 miles) North to South         224 km (140 miles) West to East         Highest elevation : 2,524 meters (8,281 ft.)         Area         Total area : 65,610 sq.km.         Land area : 62,705 sq.km.         Inland waters : 2,905 sq.km.	<b>5</b>	1,314 53.3 % 26.4 % 20.3 % E FACILITIES 11,919 km 1,245 km	2009
Climate Low country : min. 24.4° C - max. 31.7°C Hill country : min. 17.1° C - max. 26.3°C Annual Rainfall (average) mm : (2008) 2,020 (2009) 1,711 Number of Rainy days :	Water Supply & Sanitation Access to safe drinking water Access to pipe borne water Electricity Households with electricity Per capita electricity consumption	per cent (a) per cent per cent kWh/person	84.8 35.5 86.0 412.8
(2008) 99 (2009) 85 <b>POPULATION AND VITAL STATISTICS</b> Mid-year population ('000) in 2009 : 20,450 Age distribution ('000) 2009 0 - 14 yrs : 5,378 15 - 64 yrs : 13,784 65 years and over : 1,288 Population density (2009) : 326 persons per sq.km. Crude birth rate (2009) : 18.4 per 1,000 Crude death rate (2009) : 5.9 per 1,000 Rate of natural increase (2009) : 12.6 per 1,000 Infant mortality rate (2006) : 10.0 per 1,000 live births Dependency ratio (2006) : 48.3 % Average household size (2006/2007)(a) :4.1	Communications Telephone density Fixed lines Including cellular phones Internet and e-mail Average population served by a post office	per 100 persons per 100 persons per 1,000 persons number	16.8 85.0 11.7 4,311
	Public Health Hospital beds Persons per doctor Nurses Government expenditure on health	per 1,000 persons number per 10,000 persons per cent of GDP (d)	3.4 1,500 12.5 1.5
Expectation of life at birth (2007)	General Education		
Male:70.3 yearsFemale:77.9 yearsLiteracy rate (2008) (b)	School density (area covered by a school) Pupil/teacher ratio	sq. km	6.5
Average : 91.3 % Male : 92.8 %	(government schools) Age specific enrolment ratio	number	19
Female : 90.0 %	(age 5 -19 yrs) (2007) Primary net enrolment ratio (2007)	per cent per cent	71.5 89.9
Income distribution (a) Gini coefficient of household income (2006/2007) : 0.49 Mean household income (2006/2007) : Rs. 26,286 per month	University Education Student/teacher ratio Age specific enrolment ratio	number	16.2
Median household income (2006/2007) : Rs. 16,735 per month Poverty	(age 20-24 yrs)	per cent	4.1
Population below US \$ 1 a day (1990-2005) : 5.6 %	Progression to university from GCE (A/L) Eligible for university admissions	per cent	62.5
Population below US \$ 2 a day (1990-2005) : 41.6 % Average daily calorie intake (2006/2007) (a) : 2,118	Admission as a percentage of eligible	per cent	16.0
Poverty Head Count Index (a): (1995/96) 28.8 (2002) 22.7 (2006/2007) 15.2	Government expenditure on education	per cent of GDP (d) (e)	2.1
	Devilie		
Prosperity Index (2007) : 52.7 Human Development Index (2007) : 0.759	Banking Total number of commercial banks	number	22
Rank among 182 countries : 102	Domestic banks	number	11
Employment (c) Employed persons ('000) (2009) : 7,603	Foreign banks ATMs	number per 100,000 persons	11 9.6
Agriculture:32.6 %Industry:25.1 %	Credit cards in use Banking density: No. of commercial bank branches	per 100,000 persons per 100,000 persons	4,110 10.8
Services : 42.3 % (a) Based on Household Income and Expenditure Survey 2006/2007.		· · ·	
<ul> <li>(b) Based on Sri Lanka Labour Force Survery-2008 conducted by the Department of Census and Statistics</li> <li>(c) Data excluding Northern Province.</li> <li>(d) Based on GDP estimates compiled by the Department of Census and Statistics.</li> <li>(e) Government expenditure on general and higher education.</li> </ul>			